

Hinckley & Bosworth Borough Council

Forward timetable of consultation and decision making

Finance & Performance Scrutiny 3 July 2023

Wards affected: All

BUSINESS RATES AND POOLING UPDATE QUARTER 4 - 2022/23

Report of Head of Finance

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform the committee of business rates performance from 1 April 2022 – 31st March 2023.

2. Recommendation

2.1 That the committee notes the contents of the report.

3. Background to the report

- 3.1 Hinckley and Bosworth BC as a billing authorities pay 50% of collected business rates to government. The remaining 50% is split between the billing authority (40%) and the precepting authorities (10%).
- 3.2 Following these payments, the retained business rates of billing authorities are subject to a tariff set out in the respective Local Government Finance Settlement. Any growth in business rates over the set baseline will be subject to a "levy" payment of 50%, with the remaining half retained by the host Council. Correspondingly, if a Council loses 7.5% of their set threshold, a "safety net" payment will be triggered to compensate for the loss.
- 3.3 The Council have received £3,589,000 of "section 31 grant" income, this is higher than forecast due to the award of S31 grant to cover the CARF relief awarded in year. Some of the benefit of this is negated due to a higher levy payment. The allocated grant was based on the level of reliefs that were shown to have been granted in 2022/23 in the submitted business rates form (the NNDR3).

3.4 The budgeted business rates performance for this council, along with outturn as at 31st March 2023 is summarised below.

Table 1	BUDGETED NNDR Forecast 2022/23	NNDR1 Rates Forecast 2022/23 (Restated)	Dec-22	NNDR 3 2022/23
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
NNDR collected (net of reliefs)	34,673	34,673	34,673	35,120
Less:				
Central Government share	(17,337)	(17,337)	(17,337)	(17,337)
County Council share	(3,121)	(3,121)	(3,121)	(3,121)
Fire Authority Share	(347)	(347)	(347)	(347)
HBBC notional share	13,868	13,868	13,868	13,868
S31 Grant compensation	3,499	3,016	3,560	3,589
Total before tariff	17,367	16,884	17,428	17,457
Tariff charged on HBBC	(9,646)	(9,646)	(9,646)	(9,646)
Levy charged on growth	(2,561)	(1,958)	(2,035)	(2,283)
Retained income total	5,160	5,280	5,747	5,528
The retained income is made up of:				
Baseline funding	2,599	2,599	2,599	2,599
Total growth	5,122	4,639	5,183	5,212
Less Levy	(2,561)	(1,958)	(2,035)	(2,283)
Total	5,160	5,280	5,747	5,528
Movement- Gain/(loss)	0	120	467	368
Retained income total	5,160	5,280	5,747	5,528
Baseline funding	2,599	2,599	2,599	2,599
Total Growth	2,561	2,681	3,148	2,929
Movement- Gain/(loss)	0	120	467	368

- 3.5 The above table shows that as at 31st March 2023, the council has £2,929,000 of retained growth for 2022/2023 compared to the £2,561,000 growth that was budgeted for. This Increase is mainly due to the S31 grant to cover the CARF relief awarded in year.
- 3.6 It is important to acknowledge the volatility of business rates which can be impacted negatively by many factors including:
 - Companies going out of business or moving from the area
 - Empty properties The redevelopment of the town centre for instances may have an impact on the rates for the council whilst development takes place

- Awards of reliefs; most significantly charitable reliefs for schools which are awarded Academy status
- Results of appeals lodged by businesses against their liabilities

4. Exemptions in accordance with the Access to Information procedure rules

4.1 Report taken in open session.

5. Financial implications [AW]

5.1 Contained in the body of the report

6. Legal implications MR

6.1 Section 59A of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 allows local authorities to pool business rates. The pooling between the Leicestershire Council's will be governed by a legal agreement between the parties

7. Corporate Plan implications

7.1 To ensure the Council's governance arrangements are robust

8. Consultation

8.1 All members of the Business Rates Pool were included in decisions made on its operation for 2022/23.

9. Risk implications

- 9.1 It is the council's policy to proactively identify and manage significant risks which may prevent delivery of business objectives.
- 9.2 It is not possible to eliminate or manage all risks all the time and risks will remain which have not been identified. However, it is the officer's opinion based on the information available, that the significant risks associated with this decision / project have been identified, assessed and that controls are in place to manage them effectively.
- 9.3 There are no significant risks associated with this report or decisions needed.

10. Knowing your community – equality and rural implications

Various reliefs are available for businesses and charities under the business rate regulations.

11. Climate implications

11.1 There are no direct implications arising from this report

12. Corporate implications

- 12.1 By submitting this report, the report author has taken the following into account:
 - Community Safety implications
 - Environmental implications
 - ICT implications
 - Asset Management

implications

- Procurement implications
- Human Resources implications
- Planning implications
- Data Protection implications

Voluntary Sector

Background papers: DCLG/ MHCLG notifications

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